

**Introduction: Why Project Management?**

1-1

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

**Introduction**

- Examples of projects
  - Split the atom
  - Chunnel between England and France
  - Introduce Windows XP

*“Projects, rather than repetitive tasks, are now the basis for most value-added in business”*  
-Tom Peters

1-2

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

**What is a Project?**

<b>Project</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Take place outside the process world</li><li>• Unique and separate from normal organization work</li></ul>	<b>Process</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ongoing, day-to-day activities</li><li>• Use existing systems, properties, and capabilities</li></ul>
---	--

*A project is a unique venture with a beginning and an end, conducted by people to meet established goals within parameters of cost, schedule and quality.*

1-3

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Elements of Projects

- **Complex**, one-time processes
- **Limited** by budget, schedule, and resources
- Developed to resolve a **clear goal** or set of goals
- **Customer-focused**

1-4

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## General Project Characteristics (1/2)

- **Ad-hoc** endeavors with a clear life cycle
- **Building blocks** in the design and execution of organizational **strategies**
- Responsible for the **newest** and most improved **products**, services, and organizational **processes**
- Provide a philosophy and strategy for the **management of change**

1-5

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## General Project Characteristics (2/2)

- Entail **crossing** functional and organization **boundaries**
- **Traditional management functions** of planning, organizing, motivating, directing, and controlling apply
- Principal outcomes are the **satisfaction of customer** requirements within **technical, cost, and schedule constraints**
- **Terminated** upon successful completion

1-6

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Process & Project Management (Table 1.1)

Process	Project
1. Repeat process or product	1. New process or product
2. Several objectives	2. One objective
3. On-going	3. One shot – limited life
4. People are homogeneous	4. More heterogeneous
5. Systems in place	5. Systems must be created
6. Performance, cost, & time known	6. Performance, cost & time less certain
7. Part of the line organization	7. Outside of line organization
8. Bastions of established practice	8. Violates established practice
9. Supports status quo	9. Upsets status quo

1-7

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Information Technology Project “Success”

- Software & hardware projects fail at a 65% rate
- Over half of all IT projects become runaways
- Up to 75% of all software projects are cancelled
- Average cost overrun is 45%; schedule overrun is 63%; with only 67% of originally contracted features
- 47% of IT projects delivered but not used, 29% paid for but not delivered; 19% abandoned

1-8

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Why are Projects Important?

1. Shortened product life cycles
2. Narrow product launch windows
3. Increasingly complex and technical products
4. Emergence of global markets
5. Economic period marked by low inflation

1-9

---

---

---

---

---

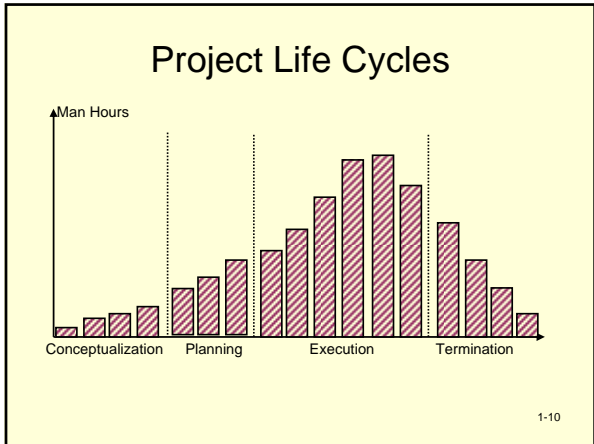
---

---

---

---

---




---

---

---

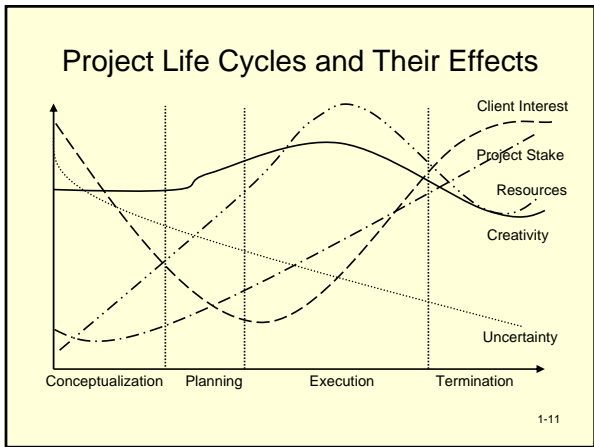
---

---

---

---

---




---

---

---

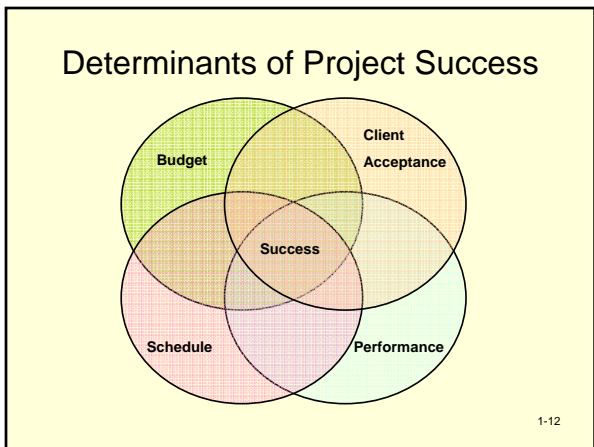
---

---

---

---

---




---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Six Criteria for IT Project Success

- System quality
- Information quality
- Use
- User satisfaction
- Individual Impact
- Organizational impact

1-13

---

---

---

---

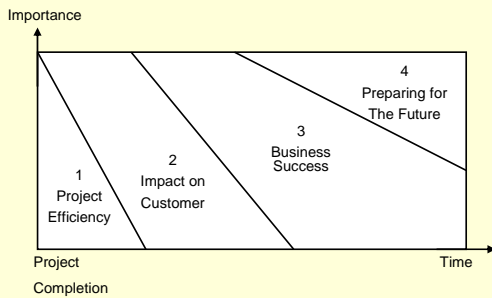
---

---

---

---

## Four Dimensions of Project Success



1-14

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Developing Project Management Maturity

### Project management maturity models

- Center for business practices
- Kerzner's project management maturity model
- ESI International's project framework
- SEI's capability maturity model integration

1-15

---

---

---

---

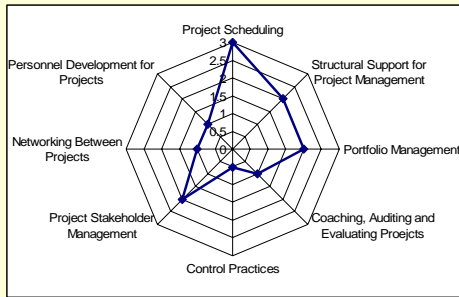
---

---

---

---

## Spider Web Diagram



1-16

---

---

---

---

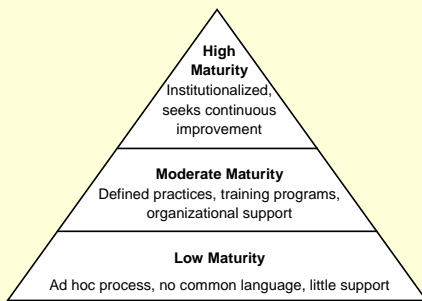
---

---

---

---

## Project Management Maturity Generic Model



1-17

---

---

---

---

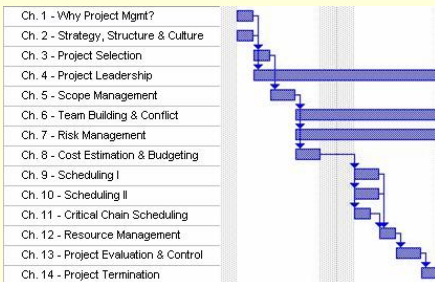
---

---

---

---

## Project Elements and Text Organization



1-18

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---